

9 Databases – Part 1 — Answers

Answers

Work through these after trying the questions yourself.

9.1 An organised store of data (usually as a table).

9.2 One row — all the data about one thing.

9.3 One column — one piece of data.

9.4 A field with a unique value that identifies each record.

9.5 So that each record can be told apart — no two records share it.

9.6 A good primary key is a **student ID** (each one is unique). **Surname** is poor because two students can have the *same* surname, so it could not tell their records apart — and a primary key must be unique.