

4 Supported focus – Independent literary inquiry

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 10 marks

KEY WORDS focused inquiry • line of inquiry • translation
• transition • evidence • argument • detail • thesis

Objective

- Develop an analytical essay on one studied work
- Sustain an evidence-based line of inquiry in 1200–1500 words

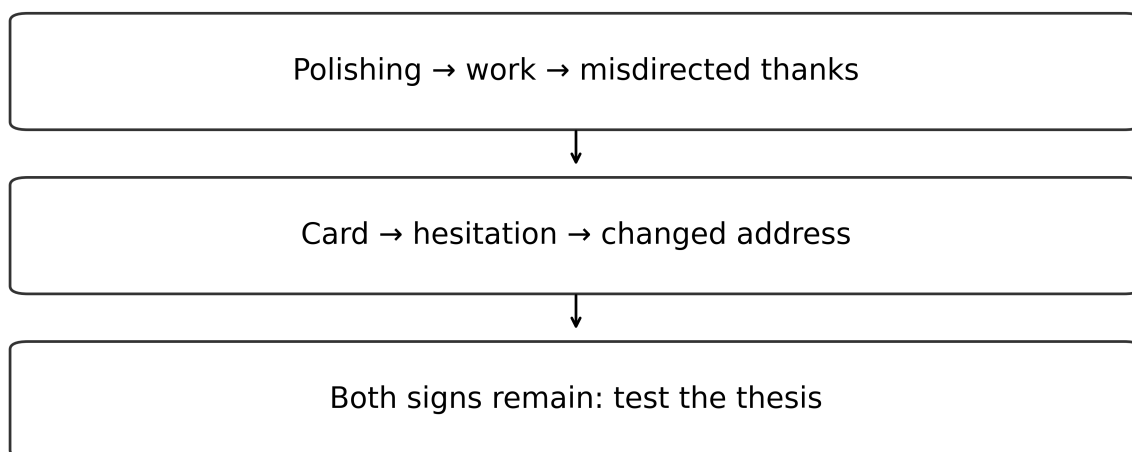
Original public practice; marks below are classroom self-check points, not official criteria.

1 Key knowledge and worked examples

A line of inquiry asks how a literary pattern shapes an interpretation.

Each paragraph should advance the argument with evidence, analysis and a connection to the inquiry.

A line of inquiry connects several choices to an interpretation that develops across a work. For the complete original short story “The label”, ask: “How do labels and acts of naming complicate Leila’s attempt to claim a place in the shop?” Plan the opening inherited label, the mismatch between labour and thanks, the new card and hesitation, then the retained plate. Test a counter-reading: preserving the plate may express continuity, but can also preserve unequal recognition. The full model in the companion is a classroom analytical essay, not an assessed essay on a school-approved work. Never submit or count it as personal coursework.



Original diagram of the worked relationship; read the full wording and qualifications.

Worked example from the native lesson: Trace a selected image at the beginning, a turning point and the ending of the approved work. Compare its contexts and implications. Test the argument against an occurrence that appears to resist it before refining the thesis

■ Complete original case context

Original classroom texts, written for this supplement. They are not school-selected assessed works.

Text A – The label Every morning I polished the brass plate beside the door. It carried my father’s name, and visitors asked for him even after I took charge of the shop. I answered their questions, found the parts, and wrapped each purchase. Still, at the door, they thanked the name on the plate. One afternoon I put a small card below it: “Ask for Leila.” The next visitor read the card aloud, hesitated, and then asked me where the hinges were. I left the brass plate shining. The card stayed too.

Text B – A space on the shelf (original poem) I cleared a place beside the cup, not where the cup had been. The shelf kept its old circle; the new wood still looked clean. By evening, two rings darkened it. I did not rub them out.

Context supplied for this exercise: both texts are contemporary original classroom writing in English. No author biography, translation history or evidence about a real society is supplied. Compare what the wording permits; do not invent historical facts. A real course comparison must use the school’s eligible studied works.

2 Practice

2.1 What strengthens the inquiry most? Explain using the worked method. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

Use the complete original case context in section 1.

3.1 Develop a thesis and paragraph sequence that answers the supplied inquiry, including a counter-reading rather than merely listing images. [3]

3.2 Explain why counting every name is weaker than tracing naming's changing function. Identify one detail that tests a claim of complete liberation. [3]

3.3 Use the complete model as a method example, then state the exact steps needed for a personal 1200–1500-word HL essay on an eligible studied work. [3]
