

1. Use this lesson’s target form 自从 in the demonstrated sentence: Ever since I came here, I’ve been happy: _____ 来这儿，我很开心。

2. Use this lesson’s target form 为 in the demonstrated sentence: Serve everyone: 我们 _____ 大家服务。

3. Use this lesson’s target form 而言 in the demonstrated sentence: For me, this is important: 对我 _____，这很重要。

4. Use this lesson’s target form 在内 in the demonstrated sentence: Including me, five people in all: 包括我 _____，一共五个人。

5. Use this lesson’s target form 凭 in the demonstrated sentence: On the strength of effort, he succeeded: _____ 努力，他成功了。

6. In 至于价格，以后再说, what does 至于价格 do?

☐ Raises price as a separate issue

☐ Concludes that every issue has been resolved
7. In 杯子给打破了, 给 has a passive role similar to which word?

☐ 被 (passive marker)

☐ 把 (disposal marker)
8. In 就价格来说，不贵, what role does 就 have?

☐ as far as / speaking of (limiting scope)

☐ then / right away (sequencing)
9. 趁现在 means...

☐ while you can / right now (seize the moment)

☐ long ago
10. In the March-arrival example, what does 自从 introduce?

☐ An earlier starting point for the later situation

1. 自从

自从 + Past Event = ever since: 自从来这儿, 我很开心.

2. 为

为 + Person + VP = for someone: 为大家服务.

3. 而言

对 + X + 而言 = as far as X is concerned: 对我而言, 这很重要.

4. 在内

(包括) + X + 在内 = including X: 包括我在内.

5. 凭

凭 + (basis) = on the basis of: 凭努力, 他成功了.

6. Raises price as a separate issue

The topic is price. The following comment postpones discussing it.

7. 被 (passive marker)

给 ≈ 被 here; often 被 ... 给 ... appear together.

8. as far as / speaking of (limiting scope)

就 ... 来说 limits the comment to one aspect.

9. while you can / right now (seize the moment)

趁 seizes a window: 趁热, 趁现在, 趁年轻.

10. An earlier starting point for the later situation

It marks the earlier arrival, not a deadline. Later situations can be states or repeated events.