

Exercise walk-through

Colonial Society and Culture ■ 2.7

eXercise

You must be able to

- state what produced colonial pluralism
- name the three things that drove Anglicization
- name the sources of colonial resistance to imperial control
- explain why the same period produced closeness and mistrust

Method — Pluralism

The presence of different European religious and ethnic groups contributed to a significant degree of pluralism and intellectual exchange, which were later enhanced by the first Great Awakening and the spread of European Enlightenment ideas.

Method — Anglicization

The colonies experienced **a gradual Anglicization**, developing autonomous political communities based on English models with influence from **intercolonial commercial ties, the emergence of a transatlantic print culture, and the spread of Protestant evangelicalism.**

Method — Sources of resistance

Local experiences of self-government, evolving ideas of liberty, the political thought of the Enlightenment, greater religious independence and diversity, and an ideology critical of perceived corruption in the imperial system.

Method — Both at once

The goals and interests of European leaders and colonists at times diverged, leading to a growing mistrust on both sides of the Atlantic. Colonists were becoming more English and more dissatisfied at the same time, over **territorial settlements, frontier defense, self-rule, and trade.**

Practice 2.1 ■ 3 marks

Name the three things that drove Anglicization.

Solution 2.1

Worked steps

intercolonial commercial ties **B1**; a transatlantic print culture **B1**; the spread of Protestant evangelicalism **B1**.

Practice 2.2 ■ 3 marks

Name three sources of colonial resistance to imperial control.

Solution 2.2

Method: Sources of resistance

Worked steps

any three of: local experiences of self-government; evolving ideas of liberty; Enlightenment political thought; greater religious independence and diversity; an ideology critical of perceived corruption in the imperial system **B3**.

Practice 2.3 ■ 2 marks

Closeness and mistrust grew together.

- (a) State the issues colonists were dissatisfied over.
- (b) State what enhanced colonial pluralism.

Solution 2.3

Method: Both at once

Worked steps

(a) territorial settlements, frontier defense, self-rule and trade **B2**. (b) the first Great Awakening and the spread of European Enlightenment ideas **B1**.

Exam-style 3.1 ■ 1 mark

Anglicization was influenced by intercolonial commercial ties, a transatlantic print culture and

- A** the spread of Protestant evangelicalism
- B** Spanish law
- C** French trade
- D** the encomienda

Solution 3.1

Method: Anglicization

A the spread of Protestant evangelicalism



B Spanish law

C French trade

D the encomienda

Worked steps

A. Protestant evangelicalism.

Exam-style 3.2 ■ 1 mark

The mistrust that grew is described as

A on both sides of the Atlantic

B colonial only

C British only

D absent

Solution 3.2

A on both sides of the Atlantic



B colonial only

C British only

D absent

Worked steps

A. both sides.

Exam-style 3.3 ■ 1 mark

Colonists become more English in culture and more critical of British rule at once.

- (a) State what makes this possible.
- (b) Explain the connection.

Solution 3.3

Method: Both at once

Worked steps

(a) that the English inheritance itself supplied the grounds of criticism **B1**. (b) colonists adopted English ideas of liberty and self-government **B1**, and then measured British policy against those same ideas **B1**.