

2.11 Logarithmic Functions

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks**KEY WORDS** domain 定义域 • vertical asymptote 垂直渐近线 • logarithmic function 对数函数 • logarithm 对数

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **logarithmic functions**.

You must be able to:

- state the **domain** 定义域, **vertical asymptote** 垂直渐近线, and key point of $f(x) = \log_b(x)$
- relate the log graph to the exponential graph

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

■ The logarithmic function

$f(x) = \log_b(x)$ has:

- domain $x > 0$, range all real numbers;
- a **vertical asymptote** at $x = 0$;
- it always passes through $(1, 0)$;
- for $b > 1$ it is increasing.

Its graph is the reflection of b^x across $y = x$.

■ Reading a log graph

For $f(x) = \log_2(x)$: $f(1) = 0$, $f(2) = 1$, $f(4) = 2$, $f(8) = 3$ – each time x **doubles**, f rises by 1. The curve climbs without bound but never reaches the line $x = 0$ (its vertical asymptote), and $f(x)$ is undefined for $x \leq 0$.

2 Practice

2.1 State the domain of $f(x) = \log_b(x)$. [1]

2.2 State the vertical asymptote of the log function. [1]

2.3 State the point every $\log_b$ graph passes through. [2]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 The domain of $f(x) = \log_b(x)$ is [1]

- **A** all real numbers
 - **B** $x > 0$
 - **C** $x \geq 0$
 - **D** $x \neq 0$
-

3.2 The graph of $\log_b(x)$ has a vertical asymptote at [1]

- **A** $x = 0$
 - **B** $x = 1$
 - **C** $y = 0$
 - **D** $y = 1$
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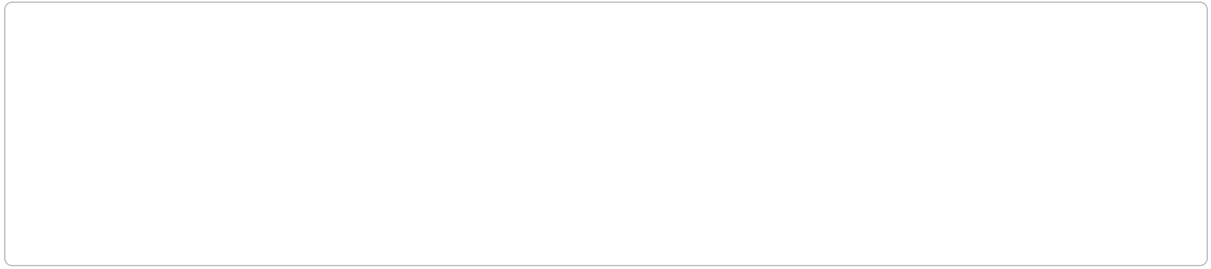
3.3 $f(x) = \log_2(x)$.

(a) State $f(1)$. [1]

(b) State $f(2)$. [1]

(c) State $f(4)$.

[1]



Solutions

2.1 $x > 0$.

2.2 $x = 0$.

2.3 $(1, 0)$.

3.1 B.

3.2 A.

3.3 (a) 0. (b) 1. (c) 2.