

6. Industrialization and Its Effects, c. 1815 to c. 1914 Starter Quiz · 课前小测

AP European History

Name: _____ Score: _____

1. The first thread says industry...

- ☐ appeared everywhere at once
- ☐ spread from Great Britain to the continent
- ☐ began in Russia
- ☐ never left Britain

2. 'In conjunction with' means the resources...

- ☐ replaced the political climate
- ☐ worked together with favourable political and social climates
- ☐ were unnecessary
- ☐ came later

3. 'Predominant modes of production by 1914' means...

- ☐ all production
- ☐ most, not all
- ☐ none
- ☐ only in Britain

4. A 'self-conscious class' is one that...

- ☐ is wealthy
- ☐ knows itself as a class
- ☐ owns land
- ☐ votes

5. The new conservative ideology was based on the idea that human nature was...

- ☐ perfectible
- ☐ not perfectible
- ☐ unchanging in law
- ☐ irrelevant

6. Select **both** triggers of the revolutions of 1848.

- ☐ economic hardship

- ☐ discontent with the political status quo
- ☐ foreign invasion
- ☐ a religious schism

Tick every correct option.

7. Everyday life was shaped by industrialisation, depending on the level of development in a particular _____.

8. The CED's term for skill embodied in engineers and inventors is human _____.

9. Select **all** three results the CED gives for the new technologies.

- ☐ more fully integrated national economies
- ☐ a higher level of urbanisation
- ☐ a truly global economic network
- ☐ the end of agriculture

Tick every correct option.

10. Select **both** costs of rural-to-urban migration the CED names.

- ☐ urban overcrowding
- ☐ rural declines in labour and weakened communities
- ☐ the end of cities
- ☐ falling population

Tick every correct option.

AP European History

1. spread from Great Britain to the continent

And on the continent the state played a greater role.

2. worked together with favourable political and social climates

Coal without the institutions that turn it into policy is just coal.

3. most, not all

6.2's lagging regions are the remainder.

4. knows itself as a class

The operative word in the CED's sentence.

5. not perfectible

The same kind of claim the Enlightenment made, opposite conclusion.

6. economic hardship; discontent with the political status quo

One economic, one political.

7. location

So a question about everyday life has no single answer.

8. capital

An economic resource like coal.

9. more fully integrated national economies; a higher level of urbanisation; a truly global economic network

Three results from one cause, at three scales.

10. urban overcrowding; rural declines in labour and weakened communities

One movement, two costs, one sentence.