

Exercise walk-through

Contextualizing Industrialization and Its Origins and Effects ■ 6.1

eXercise

You must be able to

- name the conditions that made British industrialisation possible
- explain why the state's role differed on the continent
- state the three threads the unit opens
- avoid narrating inventions instead of naming conditions

Method — Conditions in Britain

Ready supplies of coal and iron ore; economic institutions and human capital — engineers, inventors, capitalists — acting largely through private initiative; and a parliamentary government that promoted commercial and industrial interests because those interests were represented in it.

Method — The continental difference

Industry spread from Britain to the continent, where the state played a greater role in promoting it — subsidy, tariff, direct investment — because private capital and institutions were thinner.

Method — The three threads

Spread and the state's role; everyday life shaped by industrialisation depending on the level of development in a particular location; and the ideological, governmental and collective responses to industrialisation's complications.

Practice 2.1 ■ 3 marks

Name three conditions for British industrialisation.

Solution 2.1

Method: The three threads

Worked steps

any three of: coal and iron ore; economic institutions and human capital; private initiative; a parliament representing commercial and industrial interests **B3**.

Practice 2.2 ■ 2 marks

Explain why the state's role was greater on the continent.

Solution 2.2

Method: The continental difference

Worked steps

private capital and institutions were thinner **B1**, so subsidy, tariff and direct state investment substituted for them **B1**.

Practice 2.3 ■ 1 mark

A student writes: “The steam engine caused industrialisation.”

- (a) State the error.
- (b) Write a version that names conditions.

Solution 2.3

Worked steps

- (a) it names an invention rather than the conditions that made its use possible **B1**.
- (b) a version naming resources, institutions and political representation **B2**.

Exam-style 3.1 ■ 1 mark

Parliament promoted commercial interests because those interests

- A** paid bribes
- B** were represented in it
- C** were foreign
- D** owned no property

Solution 3.1

Method: Conditions in Britain

A paid bribes

B were represented in it



C were foreign

D owned no property

Worked steps

B. representation produced favourable policy.

Exam-style 3.2 ■ 1 mark

The CED says everyday life was shaped by industrialisation depending on

- A** nothing
- B** the level of industrial development in a particular location
- C** the year alone
- D** religion

Solution 3.2

Method: The three threads

- A nothing
- B the level of industrial development in a particular location 
- C the year alone
- D religion

Worked steps

B. the qualifier is the CED's own.

Exam-style 3.3 ■ 1 mark

Coal exists in several countries that industrialise later than Britain.

- (a) State what this shows about resources.
- (b) Explain what else was needed.

Solution 3.3

Method: Conditions in Britain

Worked steps

(a) resources alone are not sufficient **B1**. (b) institutions, human capital and a political order that turned the resource into policy **B1**, which is why the CED says “in conjunction with” **B1**.