

|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5(a)(i)  | amplitude = 0.60 m                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 5(a)(ii) | oscillations are simple harmonic                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 5(b)     | <p>Any three points from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>mean / equilibrium position is at <math>h = 1.4</math> m</li> <li>total energy of oscillations = 9.0 J</li> <li>angular frequency of oscillations = <math>1.2 \text{ rad s}^{-1}</math></li> </ul> <p>or</p> <p>period of oscillations = 5.1 s</p> <p>or</p> <p>frequency of oscillation = 0.19 Hz</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>maximum speed of block = <math>0.73 \text{ m s}^{-1}</math></li> <li>mass of block = 33 kg</li> </ul> |
| 5(c)     | U-shaped curve resting on $h$ axis (with minimum at $E_P = 0$ )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|          | curve from $h = 0.8$ m to $h = 2.0$ m, with minimum $E_P$ shown at $h = 1.4$ m                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|          | both end-points of curve shown at $E_P = 9.0$ J                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

|          |                                                                                                   |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4(a)     | $\omega = 2\pi / T$                                                                               |
|          | $= 2\pi / (0.15 \times 10^{-6}) = 4.2 \times 10^7 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$                             |
| 4(b)     | $a_0 = \omega^2 x_0$                                                                              |
|          | $= (4.2 \times 10^7)^2 \times 40 \times 10^{-6}$<br>$= 7.1 \times 10^{10} \text{ ms}^{-2}$        |
| 4(c)     | $E = \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 x_0^2$                                                                |
|          | $= \frac{1}{2} \times 2.4 \times 10^{-4} \times (4.2 \times 10^7)^2 \times (40 \times 10^{-6})^2$ |
|          | $= 340 \text{ J}$                                                                                 |
| 4(d)(i)  | apply alternating p.d. (to / across crystal)                                                      |
|          | applying p.d. to / across crystal causes it to distort                                            |
| 4(d)(ii) | $Z = \rho c$                                                                                      |
|          | $Z_m = 1100 \times 1600 (= 1.76 \times 10^6)$<br>$Z_b = 1900 \times 4100 (= 7.79 \times 10^6)$    |
|          | intensity reflection co-efficient = $[(7.79 - 1.76) / (7.79 + 1.76)]^2$<br>$= 0.40$ or 40%        |
|          | percentage transmitted = 60%                                                                      |

|           |                                                                                                                      |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4(a)(i)   | $\omega = 2\pi f$                                                                                                    |
|           | $f = 9.7 / 2\pi$                                                                                                     |
|           | $= 1.5 \text{ Hz}$                                                                                                   |
| 4(a)(ii)  | amplitude $= \sqrt{11.6} = 3.4 \text{ cm}$                                                                           |
| 4(a)(iii) | $a_0 = \omega^2 x_0$                                                                                                 |
|           | $= 9.7^2 \times 3.4 \times 10^{-2}$                                                                                  |
|           | $= 3.2 \text{ m s}^{-2}$                                                                                             |
| 4(b)      | sketch: straight line through the origin with negative gradient                                                      |
|           | line with negative gradient passing through $(+3.4, -a_0)$ and $(-3.4, +a_0)$                                        |
|           | line with ends at $x = \pm 3.4 \text{ cm}$ and $a = \pm a_0$                                                         |
| 4(c)      | sum of potential energy and kinetic energy is constant                                                               |
|           | at maximum displacement, kinetic energy is zero<br><b>or</b><br>at maximum displacement, potential energy is maximum |
|           | at zero displacement, kinetic energy is maximum<br><b>or</b><br>at zero displacement, potential energy is minimum    |