

16 The atomic radii and ionic radii for three elements in Period 3 are shown.

	atomic radius / nm	ionic radius / nm
element X	0.118	0.053
element Y	0.099	0.180
element Z	0.160	0.072

Using this data, which statement is correct?

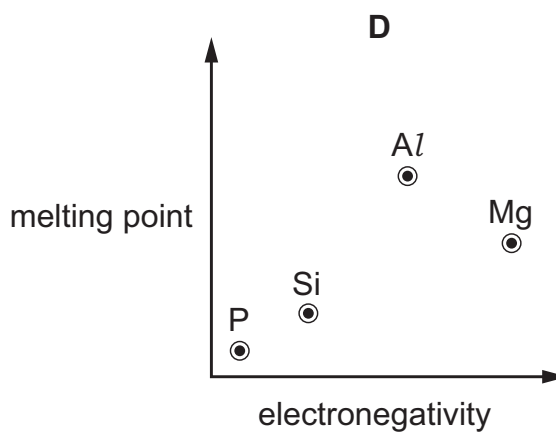
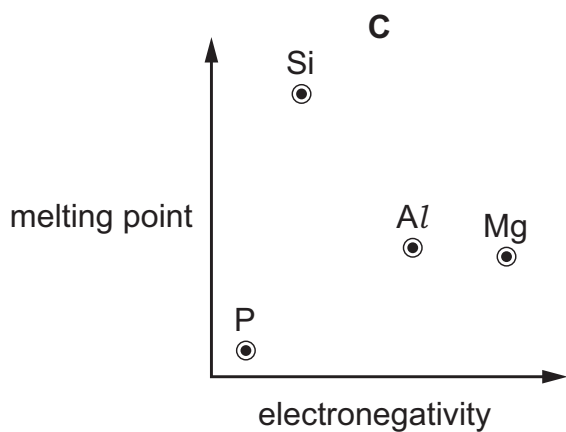
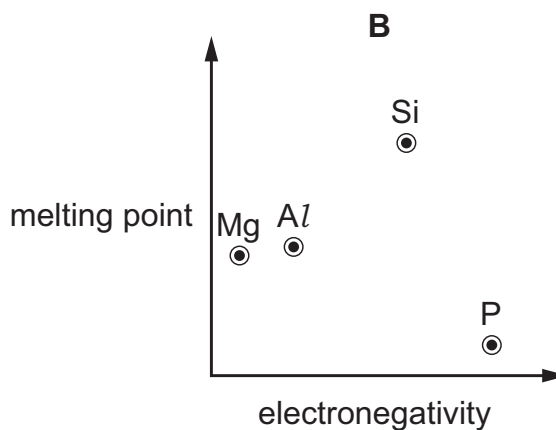
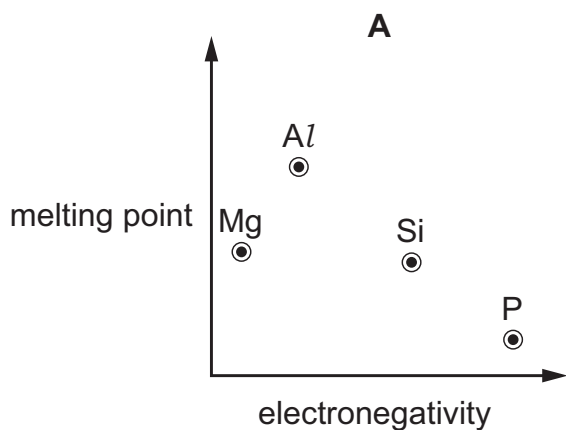
- A** Element X has lower electrical conductivity than element Y.
- B** Element Y has a higher melting point than element X.
- C** Element Y and element Z react to form an ionic compound.
- D** Element Z forms ionic compounds by gaining electrons.

17 Sodium and sulfur react together to form sodium sulfide, Na₂S.

How do the atomic radius and ionic radius of sodium compare with those of sulfur?

	atomic radius	ionic radius
A	sulfur is greater	sodium is greater
B	sulfur is greater	sulfur is greater
C	sodium is greater	sodium is greater
D	sodium is greater	sulfur is greater

- 17 Which graph shows the relative melting points of the elements Mg, Al, Si and P plotted against their relative electronegativities?



2 The Period 3 elements show trends in physical and chemical properties across the period.

(a) Fig. 2.1 shows the variation in atomic and ionic radii of the Period 3 elements Na to Cl.

The ionic radius of Si is **not** shown.

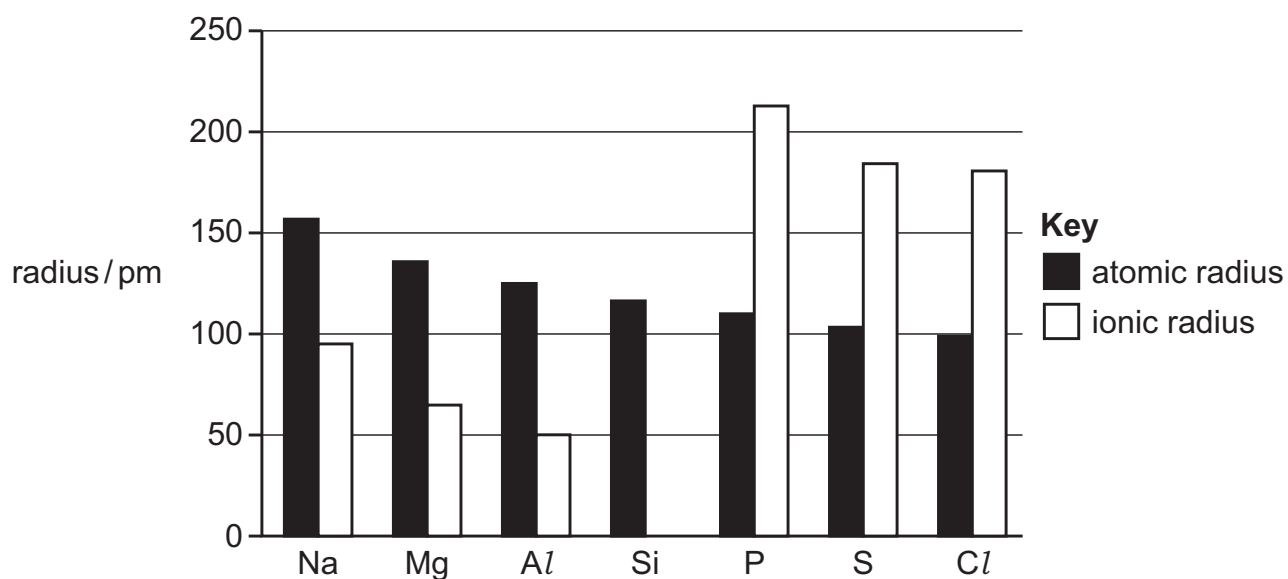


Fig. 2.1

(i) Explain the trend shown in the atomic radii of the Period 3 elements Na to Cl.

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..... [2]

(ii) Explain why there is a large difference in the ionic radii of Al and P.

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..... [2]

(b) Table 2.1 gives some information about some of the Period 3 oxides.

Row B gives the pH of the solution that forms when the Period 3 oxide is added to water.

Table 2.1

	formula of Period 3 oxide	Na_2O	MgO	Al_2O_3	SiO_2	P_4O_{10}	SO_3
A	oxidation number of Period 3 element			+3			
B	pH of solution			—	—		

(i) Complete Table 2.1. [2]

(ii) State why there is no data given in row B for Al_2O_3 and SiO_2 .

..... [1]

(c) (i) Write an equation for the reaction of Na_2O with dilute hydrochloric acid.

..... [1]

(ii) Construct an equation for the reaction of Al_2O_3 with a base to form NaAlO_2 .

..... [1]

(d) Group 2 nitrates decompose on heating to form oxides.

(i) State the trend in thermal stability of the Group 2 nitrates down the group.

..... [1]

(ii) Identify the other products of the thermal decomposition of Group 2 nitrates.

..... [1]

[Total: 11]

2 The Period 3 elements show trends in physical and chemical properties across the period.

(a) (i) Explain why the elements Na to Al are good electrical conductors.

.....
..... [1]

(ii) Explain why the elements P, S and Cl do not conduct electricity.

.....
..... [1]

(b) Fig. 2.1 shows the variation in melting point of the Period 3 elements Si to Cl.

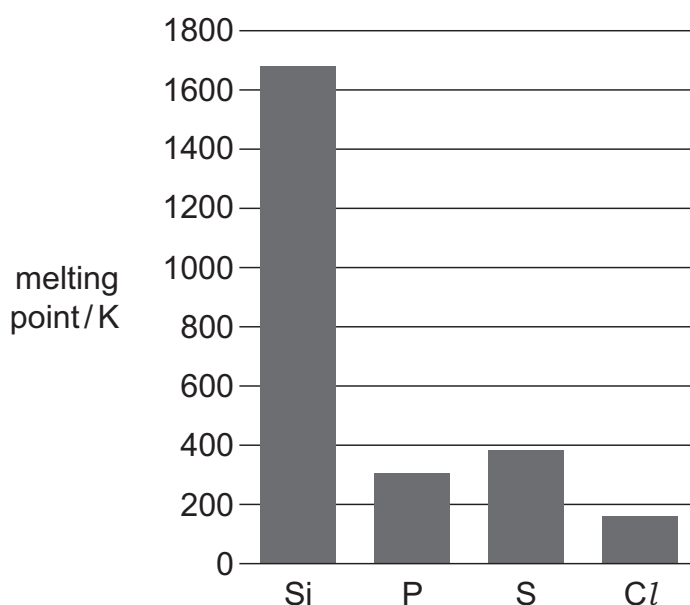


Fig. 2.1

The Period 3 elements Si to Cl are all non-metals.

Explain why there is a large difference between the melting point of Si and the melting points of P, S and Cl.

.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

(c) Table 2.1 gives some information about some Period 3 chlorides.

Row B refers to the pH of the solution that forms when the Period 3 chloride is added to water.

Table 2.1

	formula of Period 3 chloride	NaCl	MgCl_2	AlCl_3	SiCl_4	PCl_5
A	oxidation number of element bonded to Cl					
B	pH of solution		6.5			
C	bonding			ionic		
D	structure			giant		

Complete Table 2.1.

You may use the following abbreviations.

I = ionic, C = covalent, M = metallic
G = giant, S = simple

[4]

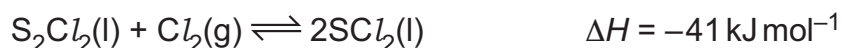
(d) (i) Write an equation for the formation of AlCl_3 from its elements.

.....
..... [1]

(ii) Write an equation for the formation of H_3PO_4 from PCl_5 .

..... [1]

(e) $\text{S}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{l})$ reacts with $\text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$ in a reversible reaction to form $\text{SCl}_2(\text{l})$. Under certain conditions, a dynamic equilibrium is established.



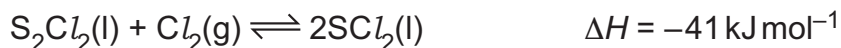
(i) State what is meant by dynamic equilibrium.

.....
..... [1]

(ii) Identify the condition necessary to establish dynamic equilibrium.

..... [1]

(iii) $\text{S}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{l})$ is yellow and $\text{SCl}_2(\text{l})$ is red.



State what is observed when the following changes are made to an equilibrium mixture of $\text{S}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{l})$ and $\text{SCl}_2(\text{l})$.

Explain your answers.

- The equilibrium mixture is warmed gently.

observation

explanation

.....

.....

- The overall pressure of the equilibrium mixture is increased.

observation

explanation

.....

.....

[4]

(f) Aqueous MgCl_2 reacts with aqueous Na_2CO_3 to form a white precipitate. Upon heating, the white precipitate undergoes thermal decomposition.

- (i) Construct an equation to show the reaction of aqueous MgCl_2 with aqueous Na_2CO_3 . Use state symbols in your equation.

..... [2]

- (ii) Identify the products of the thermal decomposition of the white precipitate.

..... [1]

- (iii) State the trend in thermal stability of the Group 2 carbonates down the group.

..... [1]

[Total: 20]